FROM MONOLITH

TO

MICROSERVICE

Modernizing legacy codebases with grpc + go

(or gRPC for dummies)

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gRPC to break up your monolith!

what is gRPC?

gRPC Remote Procedure Calls



what is RPC?

Data exchange between 2 processes





RPC or REST?



The "RPC" part stands for "remote" procedure call," and it's essentially the same as calling a function in JavaScript, PHP, Python and so on, taking a method name and arguments.

RPC == good for actions

REST == CRUD & modeling your domain

[REST]

GET users/:id/photos/:photo_id

[RPC]

getUserPhotos(args...)

• Use HTTP/2

- Use HTTP/2
- Language agnostic

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- Highly efficient / scalable

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- Language agnostic
- Highly efficient / scalable
- Handle large amounts of data



HTTP2!





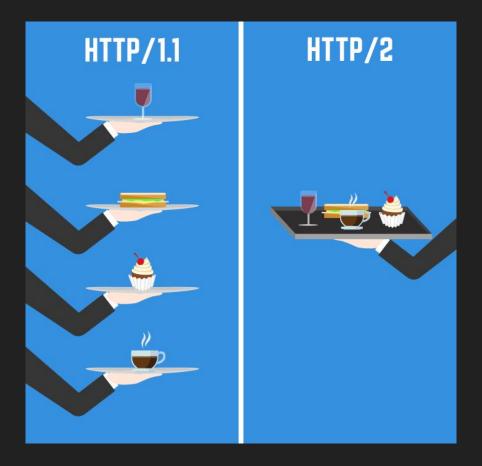
• Binary: moar data! Moar efficient!



- Binary: moar data! Moar efficient!
- Multiplexed: multiple files at a time



- Binary: moar data! Moar efficient!
- Multiplexed: multiple files at a time
- Same connection!



Source: <u>CSS Tricks</u>

Who is using it?

- Google
- Netflix
- Docker
- Square
- CoreOS
- Twitch (<u>Twirp</u>)



Let's get started!

gRPC + Protobuf



The protocol

PROTOBUF

Define the service

Messages that are exchanged back and forth

What we will do

- Use protobuf to define your service
- Use protoc to generate client and server stubs based on your service definition
- Create a gRPC server to handle requests

Install all the things

go to <u>grpc.io</u> for options

Step 1: Create a proto file

Sample proto file

dad_jokes.proto

```
syntax = "proto3";
```

```
package DadJoke;
```

```
service DadJoke {
```

```
rpc GetDadJoke (DadJokeRequest) returns (DadJokeResponse) {};
```

```
message DadJokeRequest {
    string keyword = 1;
```

```
message DadJokeResponse {
    string joke = 1;
```

This is a protobul message that was generated while I was playing Pokemon GO. It's encoded with base64:

CAIYhICAqIDH9YMtIqIIAiICCH4iCwqEEqcI2uj5690qIqMIqOEiLqqFEioKKDRhMmU5YmMzMz BkYWU2MGU3Yic0ZmM4NWI50Dg20GFiNDcwMDgwMmUygA0IBhKiBAggBG7GaKm7Pw0g1Cc20LtM GMC5m4LGKR7jNoEgJhkOqyaUiU1vNExYDB7R0BanfBLTYKcTjgBSxpIj5kiDJj95L0+ri5SucL sl1KRMuf/0N5A38gmJlKp/9KUhJ42J36NRCgtantd9bZw6r0VZq0/dH/GoK1xPx/lYi18NHlHM BDdwB7sKh1LcQ3VRlPp9Se28SvG18kFrGXMi9W7U1HcWWsACtv7og3gSf1GVXyyA5C70y0BdOq 07WP0I8cJjZ6i6W2fI+6CfBBxZMB+MNNIPdAW49dDitKk1cts/aHdcMnMjobLGaYye99nT25CC mGaMyHl9KbRyu6HvwMBU0Gu2qvmsZRvDoWFw330askRhB987DF5p7KeN12k0Dt7LAtZmnyHvzh QT1qbolqKpQCwhZpdPGRkDTMoPVhzWOkoNhnQab1n8gK7GiHA5mWEBU4JKMvkRpi7wzciAiuTk s1FFKT5ywRChW+T0JRZ0aNVyhJ8yg9yZABoe42rTo30mwL2Q3qG6oShyyrNPg9b1MrXwf+LcBz QkGnC/RiGOwybWHuPCC5uP5PWgIIoDJP3ArGZMrNJwrEYK/aTlj7eAZEH/PO+VvlZkzdurBvKf jb6sN0/z0P0rzgR08FqqKGjI0cxysVbHlbs7vufiH6rIDKqnQh0Xm/UX/KApQCGQX9qAQ5P+yt skrLmVEzrCPS42DqJRN7ACsJU5U0VfeGqz0RJMp6w5AAAAwGnmQsBBAAAAwNkeYkBJAAAA4Gq3 VkBaWwpAjak/Co8vA9rnxeP5tKp0ApMdlWxWyeYUJyIftyjJ6EdIEotI0ueUrZ0kc0CoR10J+B xoocpdD6o4RxwTT7OcRBDD1+fs3SoaELr5MxmdQYKC7HQaxg5tat5gnzY=

1: 2 3: 3244797592550244356 4 { 1: 2 } 4 { 1: 126 } 4 { 1: 4 2 { 1: 1468299899994 } } 4 { 1: 129 } 4 { 1: 5 2 { 1: "4a2e9bc330dae60e7b74fc85b98868ab4700802e" } } 6 { 1: 6 2 { 1: "n\306h\251\273?\r*\324\'6@\273L\030\300\271\233\202\306)\036..." } }

Step 2: Create your server / client stubs

project-dir

- client
- | L____ client.go|js|rb|py ...
- proto
- | 🖵 service.proto
- --- server
- | L_____ server.go|js|rb|py ...
- L___ libs
 - L____ ruby
 - L python



Step 3. Create a gRPC server

```
🍟 main.go 🛛 🗙
```

```
const (
    port
                = ":50051"
    placeholder = "How much does a hipster weigh? An instagram."
type server struct{}
func (s *server) GetDadJoke(c context.Context, req *pb.DadJokeRequest) (*pb.DadJokeResponse, error) {
    joke := &pb.DadJokeResponse{Joke: placeholder}
    return joke, nil
func main() {
    log.Println("starting DadJoke servered")
    lis, err := net.Listen("tcp", port)
    if err != nil {
        log.Println(err)
    s := grpc.NewServer()
    pb.RegisterDadJokeServer(s, &server{})
    reflection.Register(s)
    if err := s.Serve(lis); err != nil {
        log.Fatalf("failed to serve: %s", err)
```

Sample proto file

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```
message DadJokeRequest {
    string keyword = 1;
```

```
message DadJokeResponse {
    string joke = 1;
```

Step 4: Write some clients!

🐄 dadJokeClient.php 🗙

```
#!/usr/bin/env php
<?php
require dirname(__FILE__).'/vendor/autoload.php';
echo "***dad joke PHP client example***";
$client = new DadJoke\DadJokeClient('localhost:50051', [
    'credentials' => Grpc\ChannelCredentials::createInsecure(),
1);
$joke = new DadJoke\DadJokeRequest();
list($res, $status) = $client->GetDadJoke($joke)->wait();
echo "\n";
echo $res->getJoke();
echo "\n";
```

*Note: you will need to install some stuff to get started in PHP

- composer install grpc as a dependency
- pecl install grpc / protobuf
- Full instructions on getting started: <u>https://grpc.io/docs/quickstart/php.html</u>

🐄 dadJokeClient.php 🗙

```
#!/usr/bin/env php
<?php
require dirname(__FILE__).'/vendor/autoload.php';
echo "***dad joke PHP client example***";
$client = new DadJoke\DadJokeClient('localhost:50051', [
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1);
$joke = new DadJoke\DadJokeRequest();
list($res, $status) = $client->GetDadJoke($joke)->wait();
echo "\n";
echo $res->getJoke();
echo "\n";
```

Now in Ruby just for the heck of it

dad_joke_client.rb ×

4

```
# do some crazy stuff to load the lib...
this dir = File.expand path(File.dirname( FILE ))
path = this dir.split("/")
path.pop
lib_dir = path.join("/") + "/libs/ruby"
$LOAD_PATH.unshift(lib_dir) unless $LOAD_PATH.include?(lib_dir)
require 'grpc'
require 'dad_jokes_services_pb'
def main
    puts "***dad joke Ruby client example***"
    stub = DadJoke::DadJoke::Stub.new('localhost:50051', :this_channel_is_insecure)
    res = stub.get dad joke(DadJoke::DadJokeReguest.new())
    puts res.joke
end
```

main

Let's see it in action! [pray to demo gods] **Use case: Context.IO**

Context.io	counts explore logs settings	documentation privacy sign c	but	
2.0 lite app	GET POST DELETE PUT ht	tps://api.context.io/lite/user	es/id/email_accounts/label/folders/folder/messages	nd
users/ <id></id>	id:	Q	Unique id of a user accessible through your API key	
connect_tokens connect_tokens/ <token> email_accounts</token>	label:		The label property of the email account instance. You can use \emptyset as an alias for the first email account of a user.	
email_accounts/ <label> folders</label>	folder:		The full folder path using / as the path hierarchy delimiter.	
folders/ <folder></folder>	optional parameters			
messages messages/ <message_id> attachments</message_id>	delimiter:		string If Z isn't fancy enough as a hierarchy delimiter when specifying the folder you want to obtain, you're free to use what you want, just make sure you set this delimiter parameter to tell us what you're using.	
attachments/ <attachmer body flags</attachmer 	subject:		string Get messages whose subject matches this search string. To use regular expressions instead of simple string matching, make sure the string starts and ends with $\underline{/}$.	
headers raw	to:		string Email address of a contact messages have been sent to.	
read connect_tokens	from:		string Email address of a contact messages have been received from.	
connect_tokens/ <token> webhooks</token>	cc:		string Email address of a contact CC'ed on the messages.	
webhooks/ <webhook_id> connect_tokens</webhook_id>	bcc:		string Email address of a contact BCC'ed on the messages.	
connect_tokens/ <token> discovery oauth_providers</token>	date_before:		string (mm/dd/yyyy) Only include messages before a given date (mm/dd/yyyy). Messages whose internal date (disregarding time and timezone) is earlier than the specified date.	
oauth_providers oauth_providers/ <key> webhooks webhooks/<webhook_id></webhook_id></key>	date_after:		string (mm/dd/yyyy) Only include messages after a given date (mm/dd/yyyy). Messages whose internal date (disregarding time and timezone) is earlier than the specified date.	
in the second	include_body:		integer Set to 1 to include message bodies in the result.	

Pain points

- Legacy codebase (~10 years old)
- Monolith codebase
- Heavily coupled == hard to unit test
- Scaling problems

How gRPC helped

- Replace small pieces of functionality with microservices
- Easy to do by "resource"

From REST to microservice

- GET /discovery
- GET /user/:id/contacts
- GET | POST /user/:id/webhooks GET | POST /webhooks
- GET /user/:id/messages
- GET /user/:id/folders

Discovery service

Contacts service

Webhooks service

Messages services

Folder service

Our PHP API became the frontend for a microservice ecosystem

The brave new future: Completely generated client libraries & docs

This solves...

- Feature parity between API and client libraries
- Feature parity between API and docs
- Lack of knowledge in the team around certain languages
- Easy for other teams to consume your service

...and gRPC can also generate REST stubs!

So you can gRPC -> REST -> gRPC

grpc-gateway

```
syntax = "proto3";
 package example;
+import "google/api/annotations.proto";
+
 message StringMessage {
   string value = 1;
 }
 service YourService {
   rpc Echo(StringMessage) returns (StringMessage) {}
-
   rpc Echo(StringMessage) returns (StringMessage) {
+
    option (google.api.http) = {
+
   post: "/v1/example/echo"
+
       body: "*"
+
    };
+
+
   }
```

Generate stubs + gateway

```
protoc -I/usr/local/include -I. \
    -I$GOPATH/src \
    -I$GOPATH/src/github.com/grpc-ecosystem/grpc-gateway/third_party/googleapis \
    --grpc-gateway_out=logtostderr=true:. \
    path/to/your_service.proto
```

path/to/your_service.pb.gw.go



What does our API look like now?

Monolith -> Monorepo

Godzilla

"You have your fear, which might become reality; and you have Godzilla, which is reality." - Lt. Hideto Ogata

Godzilla is a monorepo for our Go code and its dependencies. We use bazel for running tests and building docker images.

Some advantages of a monorepo are:

- · Standardized process and tooling for testing, deploying and managing dependencies.
- · Collaboration and code-sharing across teams.
- · Easy to make atomic changes across projects and libraries.
- Single location for all projects.
- Avoids reinventing the wheel.

Questions? Visit #godzilla in slack or use the godzilla google group.

accounts	more mongo changes	20 hours ago
adi 🖬	more mongo changes	20 hours ago
apollo	apollo: subscription table schema, store protobuf (#4274)	2 days ago
ci-router	Remove services/ci-router/cmd/dump-parse-templates/ and services/vpa/	a month ago
cio-account-status	cio-account-status: Ignore paribus accounts (#4017)	a month ago
🖿 cio-admin-api	CON-985 cio opt out search (#4265)	2 days ago
cio-contacts	Contacts: use right endpoint (#4282)	20 hours ago
cio-discovery	Add force flag to helm upgrade command (#4013)	a month ago
cio-events	Add force flag to helm upgrade command (#4013)	a month ago
cio-grpc-sandbox	*: replace deprecated grpc.{Code,Errorf} with status.{Code,Errorf} (#	2 months ago
cio-internal-api	move 2 services to new mongo config	5 days ago
cio-kubelove	Updating with new outlook proto (#3528)	3 months ago
cio-oauth-gateway	Gateway: port (#4288)	18 hours ago
cio-opt-out	CON-985 cio opt out search (#4265)	2 days ago
cio-webhooks-api	move more things to new mongo strings	4 days ago
cio-webhooks	move more things to new mongo strings	4 days ago
email-sender	Add force flag to helm upgrade command (#4013)	a month ago
esp_service	sfmc: sftp connection error handling (#4283)	19 hours ago
geolocate	Add force flag to helm upgrade command (#4013)	a month ago



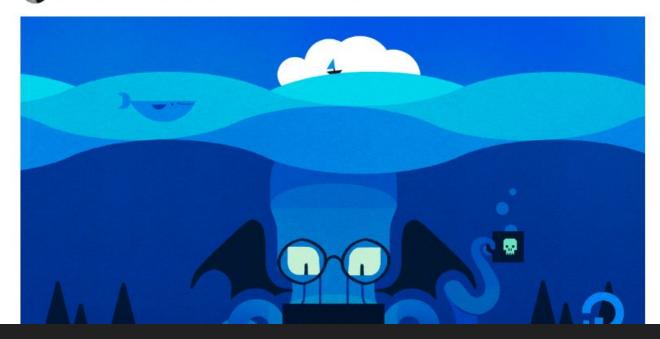
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Cthulhu: Organizing Go Code in a Scalable Repo



Matt Layher on Engineering • October 10, 2017 • 27 Comments



[CODE] github.com/cecyc/dad-joke-service

Questions? Happy to talk in the hall!

or ping @cecycorrea on Twitter